

# **DECLARATION OF PECUNIARY AND PERSONAL INTEREST**

Name:	Janice O'Key						
Position: Teaching Assistant/ staff govenor							
Ha		[Name], declare as a Governor/Trustee/Employee of .[School/Trust Name] that I hold the following personal					
Pecuniary interests		Please provide details of the interest					
Current em	ployment						
Businesses (of which I am a partner or sole proprietor)							
	directorships – details of nies of which I am a						
	teeships – details of all s of which I am a trustee						
membershi bodies or s which I am	p of professional bodies, p organisations, public pecial interest groups of a member and have a general control or ent						
external bo position as governor/to whether th	pitality offered to you by odies while acting in your a rustee/employee and is was declined or in the last 12 months						
the state of the s	offered by you for the oods and/or services to hool						
Any other of	conflict						

Personal interests	Name	Relationship to me	Organisation	Nature of the interest
Immediate family/close connections to governor/trustee	Ryan O'Key	Son	Hawthorn/ Pathfinder school	Son works as a TA
Company directorships or trusteeships of family/close connections to governor/trustee				

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oelow:	overnor or trustee of o	any other schools and			
Position held					
Date appost:	ointed/elected to				
•	nination to post:	***************************************	***************************************		
understand to bersonal that contract or come the discussion agree to re	that it is my responsil t relates directly or in other matter when p es under consideration of such contract or view and update this	ne information suppli bility to declare any directly, to myself or oresent at a meeting n. I understand that I r matter and must not s declaration annuall ce with the trust/school	conflict of interes any relation in any at the school whe nust withdraw from vote in respect of y and give conser	t/loyalty, business or contract, proposed ere such contract or any meeting during it.	
Signed:	Janice O'Ke	ey			
Date:	14/09/	/2022		-	

#### **Guidance notes**

Governors and trustees have a legal duty to act only in the best interests of their schools. Where a situation arises in which they cannot do this due to a personal interest they have, steps should be taken to identify, prevent and record the conflict. This ensures governors or trustees are acting in the best interests of the school.

In the declaration above, you must provide details relating to:

- > Your ownership or partnership of a company or organisation which may be used by the trust/school to provide goods or services;
- > Goods or services you offer which may be used by the trust/school;
- Any close relation you have to someone who satisfies either of the above;
- Any close relationship you have to someone who is employed by the trust/school.

Declaring your conflicts of interest is a legal requirement within the School Governance (Roles, Procedures and Allowances) (England) Regulations 2013 and for academies, in the Articles of Association and Academies Financial Handbook. However, making an annual declaration does not remove your requirement to make an oral disclosure of the interest and temporarily leave the meeting, where the interest is relevant to something being discussed.

#### **Pecuniary interests**

Generally, governors should not participate in any discussions in which they may directly or indirectly benefit from a pecuniary interest, except where the relevant authority has authorised this i.e. legislation for maintained schools or articles of association for academies. A direct benefit refers to any personal financial benefit and an indirect benefit refers to any financial benefit you may have by virtue of a relationship to someone who stands to gain from a decision of the governing board. Both direct and indirect interests must be declared.

## Non-pecuniary interests (Conflicts of loyalty)

There may be a non-pecuniary interest whereby the governor does not stand to gain any benefit but a declaration should still be made. For example, this might be where a governor has a family member working in the school. While the governor might not benefit personally, their judgment could be impaired if something was brought up that would affect the family member.

### Handling the conflict

The governing board must make a decision as to whether or not they should take steps to remove the conflict by:

- Not pursuing the course of action it relates to; or
- Proceeding with it in an alternative way which does not give rise to conflict; or
- Not appointing the governor in question or seeking to secure their resignation.

In the minutes of the meeting, the following should be recorded:

- The nature of the conflict;
- Which governor(s) it relates to;
- Whether a declaration was made in advance of the meeting;
- A brief overview of what was discussed;
- Whether the governor(s) withdrew from the meeting;

• How the governors made the decision in the best interests of the school.

The School and Early Years Finance (England) Regulations 2013 provide for local authority financing schemes to keep a register of pecuniary interests for the trustees, governors and staff of schools. The register should be reviewed annually by the clerk to the governing body but any new interest or ceased interest, should be reported to the clerk as and when they occur. Upon completion, this signed form should be given to the clerk of governors whose responsibility it is to keep a register of all interests and review it annually. You can find NGA's model conflict register on the NGA's website.

The Charity Commission has produced guidance on dealing with conflicts of interests which may be useful, even for schools that do not have charitable status.